

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XIII, No. 18

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Oct. 1, 1925

Price: \$2.00 Per Year

Anglican Church

Harvest Thanksgiving

Harvest Thanksgiving services will be held on Sunday next, October 4th (17th Sunday after Trinity), as follows:
St. Mary's Church—
11 a.m., Holy Communion.
7:30 p.m., Evening Prayer.
Forks School, 3 p.m.
Caledonia School, 3 p.m.
Culman's Farm, Gold Springs, 7 p.m.
The offering at these services will be given, as usual to the funds of the Diocese. Offerings of fruits and vegetables will be given to the local Hospital.
Parents and Scholars are asked to note that, beginning with next Sunday, the Sunday School will meet at 3 p.m. (instead of 11 a.m.) during the winter months.

L. J. Tatham,
O. Norton.

Before placing your order for Christmas Cards, do not fail to see us. We have a very fine selection. — "EMPRESS," Empress.

ELEVENTH CROP REPORT

Issued Dept. Agriculture, Edmonton, September 23.

With the cutting of practically all grain completed throughout the province nearly three weeks ago, threshing operations have been continuously delayed and hampered by cold, wet weather, in which there has been considerable rain, with snow in many parts of Central and Southern Alberta. The result has been that at present scarcely more than 25 per cent. of the threshing is completed. The wet weather has had a tendency to toughen the grain, and in a few districts the grain is stocks has sprouted. The general effect has been to lower the grade. Severe frost has also occurred, but the effect of this on grain in stock has been slight. The late crop has suffered from this to some extent.

Threshing is progressing intermittently as the days occur and the grain becomes sufficiently dried out. It will be some

times yet before any large proportion of threshing is completed in any part of the province.

In order to gain some idea of the yields of wheat being threshed, the Department two weeks ago, issued requests to threshmen for returns on wheat threshing. To date, out of 4300 forms mailed out, only 1343 have been received back. Of this number 708 report either no acreage in wheat, or no threshing done, the large majority reporting the latter. The balance, which was scattered well over the province, showed an average yield of wheat of 14.99 bushels to the acre. Comparatively few returns have been received from south of the main line of the C.P.R., where there is a large area yielding very light. On the other hand, a considerable number of returns are still to be received from central and northern Alberta where rather heavy yields are being obtained. These facts would have to be taken into consideration in arriving at an estimate of the yield throughout the province. Consequently the final results may slightly increase or lower the average quoted.

The delay in threshing operations has resulted in sudden and keen demands for harvest labor at intermittent periods, and has somewhat complicated the labor situation, but the provincial bureau reports the situation well in hand. Demand is now coming from the sugar beet fields of the irrigated districts for help in harvesting the beet crop, which will start about October 1. A particularly heavy crop is expected. The potato crop this year is heavier than last season, and it is anticipated that there will be

Dr. Gershaw Addresses Liberal Meeting in Theatre

The meeting in the interests of Dr. P. Gershaw, held last Friday evening in the local theatre, in spite of inclement weather drew a fair attendance. Mr. Begg, of Medicine Hat, was the first speaker, and confined the bulk of his remarks to recent maritime provincial elections. These had been decided on domestic questions, which had no bearing on federal issues—coal strike, etc. The speaker claimed knowledge of the situation from having spent his early years in those parts. Therefore, voters should not be influenced by them. He referred to the railway question and quoted figures showing the improvement under Sir Henry Thornton's management. He scorned the fact that Mr. Meighen should seek to protect the manufacturer with the higher tariff with the former forced to sell his products to the world markets. He quoted figures to show reductions in price of implements by lowering of tariff by the King government, the reduction in some cases being 30 p.c. He also quoted past periods of high and low tariffs. As evidence of improving conditions, importable but marked, during the King administration, the dollar had risen from a discount of 18c. to a fraction above par on the market today. The speaker concluded his remarks by reference to recent newspaper items.

Dr. Gershaw, followed, and spoke interestingly. He dealt with the tariff question, U.N.R. ocean rates and immigration. In the acquiring of the railroads, management and charges by Mr. Meighen in this connection, he was of the opinion that much credit was due to Premier King in his choice of Sir Henry Thornton and running the road under business management instead of unduly parliamentary ownership. He stressed the point how this policy was justifying itself by increased earnings over operating expenses. He did not favor amalgamation of the two railway systems, but was of the opinion that a business agreement could be reached, whereby much costly duplication could be eliminated.

He spoke of economies effected in civil service and budget surpluses since King administration. The country needed emigrants, but thought the better way was to endeavor to better conditions of those here that they would write to their friends abroad—rather than go to other methods of advertising.

The speaker quoted pre-war railway and ocean rates and taking into consideration war standards, while there was no practical difference in railway rates ocean rates were still some three hundred per cent higher. The speaker said it was still the intention of Mr. King, if returned, to pursue the question, which had been abruptly checked by the untimely death of Sir W. Patterson. He referred to the four basic industries of the country as agriculture, lumber, mining, fishing and the necessity of their improvement by a low tariff. Concluding he asked for the support of those present on Oct. 20. The speaker had previously stated, while Liberal, he had claimed independent action in voting on all issues—when he accepted nomination. The meeting was closed with the singing of the National anthem Mr. M. A. Bledgett, acted as chairman.

A considerable export surplus. No districts in the province report a shortage, while many report considerable surplus.

S.S. Executive Meet

A meeting of the Executive of the United Sunday School, was held at the Mason on Wednesday evening. Much regret was expressed at the approaching departure of Mrs. E. J. Lucy, who has been so faithful and efficient.

Mrs. (Dr.) A. L. Caldwell was appointed to succeed her, and Mrs. (Nurse) McPherson was appointed to the Primary Dept. to succeed Mrs. Caldwell.

An interesting feature of the Sunday School activity was endorsed for repetition winter—viz. White Gift Christmas Services. Details will be worked out later.

Pingle Leads in By-election

With 27 rural polls to hear from on Wednesday morning, C. S. Pingle, Lib., was 448 votes ahead of W. E. McCombes, Far-Left, in the Medicine Hat, by-election. It was not expected that further returns would greatly alter the standings of the candidates. The vote stood at, Pingle, 1578; McCombes, 1125; Hendrick, 683. Under the preferential ballot, should the standing be equalized, a second count, will be held of "second choices" Oct. 9. W. Hendrick being eliminated, the winner not a having clear majority over other two candidates.

United Church

Sunday School, 11 a.m.
Jesus was a great preacher, but in the Gospels he is more often spoken of as a teacher. The Sunday School is the world's greatest agency for teaching religion. Help us to teach the youth of Empress.
Public Worship, 7.30.
Any who will, are invited to worship with us, and will be made welcome. Good singing. Music by the choir; Sermon by the minister.

Social Plains, 2:00 p.m.
Beautyland, 3:30 p.m.
N. W. Whitmore, minister.

District Court

Sittings Postponed
District Court Sittings, which were to be held in Empress on October 13th, have been postponed to a later date which is to be announced.

WHEN IN EMPRESS DINE AT THE

DOMINION CAFE
JOB CREAM
Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes
Always a Full Stock Carried
We cater to farmers.
GOOD ROOMS
A Place of City Style.

Shipment of CHINA

---Just Received

A comprehensive showing of Bon-Bon Dishes, Fruit Bowls, Cup and Saucers.

You will like this showing. Prices Moderate.

EMPRESS DRUG CO.



Cecil B. DeMille's
Cin masterpiece

"THE TEN COMMANDMENTS"



This picture, shown recently in Medicine Hat, drew such large crowds that it was held over several days, extra, with special matinee Sat. morning. Don't Miss The Date at EMPRESS THEATRE—one day only—note the times

SAT. OCT. 10

Matinee: 3 p.m.; Even. 8 p.m.
Ad. 75c.; 25c Ad. \$1; 25c

STORY BY
JEANIE MACPHERSON
ADDITIONAL STORY
JESSE L. LANE

Leishman Clothes

Continuous good appearance by being well dressed has tremendous value in present day social or business life. Many a man's success has hinged simply on his appearance. He has impressed and pleased men of influence by always looking his best.
Men who wear Leishman garments know that these fine clothes are one of their biggest assets in business. Good clothes sell almost as much as salesmanship. That's why successful business and professional men always look for the Leishman label of quality in every garment.

Made to Measure or
Ready for Service



BLODGETT, "The Men's Man"

You Will Want One of HARVEST and

The NEW Improved FORDS

They Are Beauties
No Increase In Price
But So Classy!
Come And See Us!

Ford Genuine Parts for Sale!

N. D. Storey
"The Hardware Man"

Threshing Needs

Machine Oil
Machine Oilers
Hard Oil
Wrenches
Pliers, all kinds
Sickle Stones
Grindstones
Nails; etc.

M. G. BOYD

Premier King Prepares To Make Tour Of The Western Provinces

Ottawa—As soon as Premier King considers his tour of the Western Provinces, he will go west. Although the itinerary is not yet arranged, he plans to speak at the principal cities of the prairie provinces, and go on to British Columbia, accompanied by a number of party stalwarts.

In the east the campaign shows signs of warming up, both as regards the activity of party organization and the character of the platform utterances. For so early a stage heat is developing rapidly. Both parties agree pretty well that the pivotal point will be rural Ontario. Here the situation differs from 1921, owing to the relatively small figure the Progressive party is cutting. It is believed that the great proportion of the vote cast in 1921 in this province for the third party will this time go to the Liberals. Several former Progressive members will be seen running under the Liberal colors. The Conservatives will make a big bid for the vote of the industrial centers on the black protestant lines. For most of these ridings they hold already.

British Subjects Only

Government of Western Australia Will Not Employ Foreigners

Perth, Australia—The Government of Western Australia, having learned that foreigners have secured a large proportion of the work offered in connection with the clearing of land for the purpose of cultivation, has decided that in future any money advances made to settlers by the government bank to finance such work shall be made on the condition that only British subjects should be employed.

Confer On Coal Strike

Harrisburg, Pa.—Governor Pinckney, Pennsylvania, invited J. L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, and W. W. Inglis, chairman of the anthracite operators' committee, to meet him separately at his home in Millford, to discuss the present anthracite mining suspension. The meetings were requested, the governor declared, with no intention on his part to intervene in the controversy.

Deserabian Peasants On Trial
Ypsala.—The Abende says it means that 800 Deserabian peasants are now on trial at Kishinev, Rumania, by a military tribunal. They were arrested by a Rumanian punitive expedition following discovery of their refusal to deliver Deserabian over to Soviet Russia.

Fine Ruby Wheat At St. Pierre
St. Pierre, Man.—On 20 acres, Charles Dandus, of St. Pierre, threshed 75 bushels of wheat, which graded 1 Northern, and sealed 62 pounds, just a little over 35 bushels to the acre.

Canada's Wheat Yield Estimate Is Placed At 391,816,000 Bushels

Ottawa—Canada's wheat yield of 391,816,000 bushels for 1925 is the preliminary estimate of the bureau of statistics recently issued. The yield last year was 282,000,000 bushels.

The average yields in bushels per acre for all Canada in 1925 are related as follows: Fall wheat 29.9, last year 28.8; spring wheat 17.4, last year 11.2; all wheat 17.4, compared with 11.9 bushels per acre last year.

The fall wheat estimate for this year is 25,437,000 bushels and spring wheat 285,122,000. The estimated total is 310,577,000 bushels, as compared with 402,576,000 bushels in 1924. The crop for 1925 is estimated at 15,227,000 bushels, compared with slightly over 15,000,000 in 1924.

In the Atlantic provinces "the weather has been ideal and a bountiful harvest is anticipated."

In Quebec the prospect for grain crops is generally favorable. In Ontario "optimal harvest weather has prevailed, threshing is well advanced and grain crops are yielding well above the average." The weather in Manitoba has been favorable for harvesting, and threshing will be general at the end of the month. Considerable damage has been done by frost, both early and grade of wheat being reduced but the yields are still

Cabinet Ministers Sworn In

Hon. J. A. Robb Succeeds Fielding As Minister of Finance

Ottawa.—The cabinet reorganization was officially completed when Hon. J. A. Robb was sworn in as minister of finance and Hon. Herbert Miller, as minister without portfolio. The two ministers were sworn in by E. J. Lemieux, clerk of the privy council, in the presence of His Excellency Lord Dufferin at Government House.

Should the present government be returned to power, there is likely to be further re-adjustment of the cabinet. Two ministers, Hon. Charles Murphy and Hon. Dr. Bonard, are it is understood, retaining office only until the elections are over and there will then be some re-adjusting of portfolios.

Mr. Robb has been acting minister of finance for some time, following the illness of the veteran parliamentarian, Hon. W. S. Fielding, who now has been retired, after many years of service to his country.

Heads Grain Exchange

Officers Elected at Winnipeg For the Coming Year

Winnipeg.—D. C. MacLachlan, manager of the International Elevator Company, and N. J. Brecken, manager of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, were chosen vice-presidents. Dr. Robert Magill was re-elected as secretary by acclamation. The executive committee of members were also selected.

Anthracite Prices Advance

Predicted Cost Will Further Increase If Strike Continues

Washington.—Complaints that retailers are bringing to increase prices of anthracite coal are arising from a number of cities. Predictions are made that prices will be still further increased if the strike continues, and that consumers here and in Canada will bear the burden.

Meaning there are no signs that the anthracite situation plans to intervene in the strike, and the walkout will apparently drift on indefinitely.

Hoey With Wheat Pool

Winnipeg.—The appointment of E. A. Hoey, M.P., for Springfield, to the position of assistant director of the newly formed department of public and education of the Manitoba Wheat Pool, was announced here. Mr. Hoey's withdrawal from political life was foretold in a Canadian Press dispatch.

generally above those of the ten-year average. In Saskatchewan all grain reported early. Except for showers around August 23, the weather was very favorable for harvesting, and cutting was well advanced at the end of the month when threshing had begun. The main source of the injury to crops are drought and rust.

In British Columbia, where during late August greatly benefited pasturing and late crops.

Ku Klux Klan in Berlin
Berlin.—The Ku Klux Klan announced that they have uncovered a movement, headed by three United States citizens, and participated in by about 1,000 Germans, for the establishment of a new order to be known as the "Knights of the Holy Cross," along the lines of the Ku Klux Klan.

Advocates Bay Road
Regina.—That the Hudson's Bay highway is feasible and that an early completion of the construction is desirable is the opinion of C. C. Cooke, of this city, who has just returned from a trip to the bay by rail and water.

With a party of western business men, much material and considerable waterways are available for harbor facilities at the end of the lake, he states.

Fruit Houses Amalgamated
Winnipeg.—J. A. Simington, Minneapolis, director of the Nash Fruit Company in Western Canada, has confirmed a previous announcement that Nash companies had been amalgamated under the name of the Nash-Simington Company.

Monarch Is a Hero
Soda.—King David played the role of hero recently when he jumped from a moving automobile and stopped a team of runaway horses, probably saving the lives of several children.

Seize Canadian Schooner
New London, Conn.—The Canadian schooner *Dawn*, of Lunenburg, N.S., was seized in Narragansett Bay when it grounded while attempting to escape from a patrol boat.

Tractors and Threshers for the Harvest
Part of a record shipment of tractors and threshers from the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company, of Toronto, which left recently over Canadian Pacific lines for the western wheat fields.

Cowboy-Earl Likes Ranching

Will Remain in U. S.

Sheridan, Wyo.—Oliver Henry Wallop, aged 63, Wyoming rancher, who succeeded to the title of Earl of Portsmouth through the death of his brother, John Yelverton Wallop, seventh Earl of Portsmouth, in London, will retain his United States citizenship and legal residence in this country, and plans to continue living on his 3,000-acre ranch near Sheridan after he assumes the title.

The new earl did not appear to regard his rise to the British peerage as extraordinary, and his answer to queries about his departure for England to assume the earldom was that he had returned merely to visit his native land, be invested with the title, and then return to his city ranch.

During the fall of 1923, Wallop went to Canada on a hunting expedition. From there he wandered to Wyoming to visit a colony of Englishmen near Sheridan. He liked it, and bought a ranch.

Plans For Super-Zeppelin

U. S. May Build One Twice As Large as the Shenandoah

Alton, Ill.—Plans for a gigantic super-zeppelin twice the size of the Los Angeles or the ill-fated Shenandoah, and safer than either, are being drawn up here by the experts of the Goodyear-Zeppelin corporation.

Dr. Karl Arnstadt and Capt. Ernst Zimmern, German aeroplans, who are now vice-presidents of the plans. The proposed super-zeppelin has been described in advance of the G-2's.

The experts look forward not only to building this super-ship, but larger ships when they will build yet larger ships. They believe that the larger ships could weather the most severe storms. In fact, they feel that smaller ships can also ride the severest storm.

The proposed G-2's will hold 50,000 cubic feet of helium. The Los Angeles holds 2,500,000 cubic feet, while the Shenandoah held 2,100,000.

Missing Seaplane Rescued

Commander and Crew of United States Seaplane Are Found Alive

Honolulu.—Captain John Rodgers, commander of the missing seaplane PS-8 No. 1, and his crew of four men, were found alive 15 miles east of Kaula, by the submarine E-2. Rodgers and his crew were seen from San Francisco in an attempted non-stop flight to Honolulu on August 21. The following afternoon, 24 hours after his disappearance, the PS-8 No. 1, hopped out of the plane and crew disappeared about 300 miles from its destination. Last message from the PS-8 No. 1 stated that its gasoline supply was about exhausted and a forced landing was expected.

Earth Is Slowing Down
Washington.—The earth is slowing down, says a recent publication of the Smithsonian Institution. But there is little danger of a cessation of its rotary motion, for the rate of slowing down is only one thousandth of a revolution per century.

This means a loss of a minute in 100 years, or a day in 10,000 years. The rate of slowing down is so slow that a day was three or four hours.

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Veteran Newspaper Man Passes

In One Year

Ottawa.—Immigration to Canada for the first three months of the present fiscal year, that is, from April 1 to June 30, 1925, totaled 22,418, according to a report issued by the department of immigration.

Of this total 16,691 came from Great Britain, Northern Ireland and the Irish Free State, 5,207 from other countries, almost entirely from Northern Europe.

In the same three months 9,141 Canadian-born had been in the export States for six months or longer, and who went to that country to settle, returned to the Dominion.

Since the department of immigration and colonization began to keep a record of these returning Canadians in June 1924, a total of 52,616 have come back up to the end of last June.

Business Was Unprofitable
Britishers Are Less Inclined to Invest in Rum Running

London.—The officers of the United States prohibition forces against Rum Run and the liquor smugglers have had a marked effect on the export liquor traffic of the British Isles. This traffic is now going through such a lean period that no money is available any more to finance rum running expeditions, and exports of liquor destined for the United States have dropped almost 50 per cent. since January.

The boom of 1922 and 1924, when hundreds of thousands of pounds of English money was ready to tamper with the blockade which the United States Government has thrown around its coast.

Has Denounced Bolsheviks
Premier of Australia Takes Stand Against Communism

Melbourne.—The disturbed conditions in Australia have caused Premier Bruce to take a definite stand against the Communists.

In a public address here the premier denounced the local exponent of Bolshevism, and asserted he would not hesitate to appeal to the people for endorsement of his action. If necessary, he would seek a mandate to further action to insure peace and good government.

Warrants have been issued for four hundred Melbourne seamen for their part in the unofficial strike against the recently announced wage decrease.

Dease Lake Promise Was Not Fulfilled
Disappointed Miners Start Trek Back From Casimir Field

Telegraph Creek, B.C.—The out-trail from the Casimir is being trodden today by a host of disappointed miners whose hopes of quick wealth in the Dease Lake area have been dashed by the cruel reality of life in the inhospitable northland.

A few small streams have been made, but there is little to show for all the excitement that was stirred up by the discovery of free gold in the ancient mining camp which was abandoned in the late sixties with the dawn of the Klondike epoch.

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Speech At Geneva On Disarmament Question Received With Ovations

Canadians Coming Back

Over 50,000 Have Returned From U. S.

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Canadians Coming Back

Over 50,000 Have Returned From U. S.

Ottawa.—Immigration to Canada for the first three months of the present fiscal year, that is, from April 1 to June 30, 1925, totaled 22,418, according to a report issued by the department of immigration.

Of this total 16,691 came from Great Britain, Northern Ireland and the Irish Free State, 5,207 from other countries, almost entirely from Northern Europe.

In the same three months 9,141 Canadian-born had been in the export States for six months or longer, and who went to that country to settle, returned to the Dominion.

Since the department of immigration and colonization began to keep a record of these returning Canadians in June 1924, a total of 52,616 have come back up to the end of last June.

Business Was Unprofitable

Britishers Are Less Inclined to Invest in Rum Running

London.—The officers of the United States prohibition forces against Rum Run and the liquor

Canada Must Hold Fast To Link That Welds Together Component Parts Of Empire

Secretary of some of the old ties of the British Empire is natural and reasonable progress, but few in Canada think on that account that the empire is disintegrating, said Sir George Foster, in a public address at Victoria.

"Some people say it would not make any difference if the empire was a republic and headed by a president or a monarchy headed by a king," Sir George added.

"That the British Empire, scattered as it is over the surface of the world and composed of races and tribes of all colors and beliefs, is held together by that common sovereignty of ours. It is a symbol of sovereignty that has made the British Empire what it is and we must hold fast to it. The great world into a whole of all the scattered parts of the empire."

Protecting Caribou Herds

Indian Department Will Take Steps To Prevent Extirpation

Even as the hunters follow the mighty herds of caribou that roam the barren lands of Northern Saskatchewan was declined.

Today they are being hunted in millions. Official reports have come from that country above the Redoubt Lake, which state that the great herds will take days to pass a given point in mass formations.

The caribou is practically the living of the Indian in the territory where they wander. But it is feared the annual slaughter will have to be curtailed and the Indian department is now taking the necessary steps with that object in view.

One band of Indians, less than one hundred in number, killed several thousands last year. It was obvious that no Indian was going to consume a hundred caribou in a season and officials of a treaty payment party on a visit to Lac La Poudre last summer found the evidence of killing being carried beyond all limits.

Indians are going to have it brought home to them that that kind of slaughter will have to cease.

Market For Western Wheat

Norway Will Get Wheat In Canada Says Commissioner

Most of the wheat Norway requires this year will come from Canada, according to a Johannesburg dispatch from the Norwegian food commission, Oslo, who visited Winnipeg, on his way through the west to study crop and marketing conditions here.

Many European millers and grain merchants suffered heavy losses because the slump in the price of wheat from February to May this year that they will be afraid of making large contracts for next year he said.

All the import trade of grain and flour to Norway is handled by the Norwegian Government, Mr. Johansen explained. It is a price measure, adopted during war, and which the government still finds advisable to keep in force owing to unfavorable international conditions in the country. From 1914 to 1917 private importers as well as the government imported huge quantities of grain. In 1917 the government took it over entirely.

Alfalfa Is Good Horse Feed

Experiments Show Prejudice Against It Is Unfounded

An experiment conducted by the Michigan Agricultural College seems to show that, to some extent at least, the prejudice against alfalfa as a horse feed is not founded upon fact. Horses which were fed alfalfa regularly for a year maintained their weight and good condition in just as much weight at less feed cost than their usual meals.

Nine tons of horses, varying from 215 to 11 years of age, were selected for the experiment. One horse of each team was fed corn and alfalfa and the other corn, oats and alfalfa. The alfalfa-fed horses consumed an average of 112 pounds of corn and 17.5 of alfalfa per day, while the others ate 16 pounds of corn and 4.5 pounds of oats, with 15.5 pounds of timothy. It costs 25 cents a day for feed with the alfalfa horses and 27 cents for the timothy-fed horses. The former gained an average of 21 pounds during the year, and their mates lost 17 pounds each.

The bait in the shallowest sea, only 43 yards in average depth. Next comes the Atlantic with an average of 45 yards in depth.

Many a woman's chief sin is at a target called vanity.

W. N. C. 1594

Home Grown Seeds

Practices of Saving Seed Pods Will Prove Both Profitable and Interesting

Collecting and drying one's own home grown seed is a fascinating game, especially if care is taken to spot the best varieties of plants and mark them in some simple fashion. The money saved may then go to ward the purchase of more desirable plants. Even if the seedlings show the effects of fitting insects, they will carry the peculiar charm which belongs to the offspring from seeds developed in "your own home garden."

Select a dry day for collecting seed pods, and do not wait for these to burst before gathering. In some plants, ripening takes place all at once, while in others this operation extends over a month or more, and only a few seeds can be gathered at one time. Probably the simplest method of drying is to place in a paper bag and label. Removing their cases may then be done when convenient. Exchanging seeds with friends is one of the most desirable ways of adding to one's store of plants and proving the quality of one's seeds.

Hungarians Buy Manitoba Farms

Former Colonel of Hussars Will Bring Family Out In Spring

Two Hungarian aristocrats will be settling in Manitoba soil next summer. Count Tass Palffy and Julius de Piossek, the latter a former colonel of Hungarian Hussars, have purchased a section of land at Hazelridge, 40 miles from Winnipeg. They will establish on the farm this winter until next spring, at which time the former colonel will return to his native land to get his family. They both state they want to learn farming by experience and will do the work themselves. Indications that Walter C. Foster has to have quite a colony of titled Hungarians was seen in the announcement by the Hungarian aid bureau, Winnipeg, that Baron Chavonay, another recent arrival, had purchased a 2,000-acre ranch between Calgary and Banff.

Using Medical Plants

Plenty Of Flowers In Canada

Many Cultivated In England That Grow Wild Here

Lady Bay, who is an enthusiastic flower lover, wishes to transplant to Canada many of the flowers which she has seen in England, and to that end, she has been in England to make a special study of these wild things. Recently she was invited to meet her, she spoke informally on the subject. She commented on the number of flowers which she had seen in England, which she said were to be found in gardens, and that a sufficient number of them could be found in the wild. She urged the members to cultivate rock gardens in Jasper. Her Excellency said it was astonishing how many people overseas thought that there were no flowers in Canada.

Clinic For Eskimo

The Eskimo outpost from Innisfail had a clinic, so Dr. Curtis has been to the north, Philadelphia, plan to establish a clinic for local treatment at Florence Cove, Labrador.

Dominions Need Population

Rapid Progress Depends On Strong Immigration Policy

Continued and rapid progress in the Dominions depends upon the continued and rapid increase of their population, says the London Morning Post. Such increase can only be accomplished by means of inter-imperial migration. There are in this country a great many more persons than the statistics of the country can support. But before any large scheme of emigration can be carried into execution, it is necessary to ensure that new settlers in the Dominions shall be provided with a market for their produce. Great Britain is the best market in the world; and by means of a policy of preference the products of the Dominions may be given the advantage over foreign products. But, again, the possibility of emigration on a great scale depends upon the working together of the Dominions with this country. How essential it is to their populations with English stock the Dominions have not yet thoroughly understood. It appeared in the course of the parliamentary debate that, by reason of duty overruns, some 20,000 persons, approved by the authorities, are waiting to migrate.

British Boys For Training

Contingent of Boys for Alberta Government Farm School

Arrangements are now being made for bringing over this year's contingent of British farm boys for training at the Alberta Government farm school. George Hoadley has asked that they be here by the middle of October as the schools will open October 27. There is to be a maximum of 100 boys, and they will be rotated direct from England to the three schools at Vermilion, Olds and Claiborne.

Under the plan to follow this year, the British lads will pay their own way at the schools, and the overseas settlement board will remunerate the Provincial government on a monthly per capita basis.

It is anticipated the full quota will be reached without difficulty.

Adjustable Water Wheel

Will Rise and Fall Any Height Up To 36 Feet

A water wheel has been invented which is designed to adjust itself automatically to the varying height of the propeller stream. As first constructed the wheel has eight V-shaped paddles about 13 feet long and 14 inches wide, and it is so mounted on an upright shaft that it rises and falls with the river's changes through any height up to 36 feet. It is used for pumping irrigating water from a distance of 230 feet to a height of 70 feet above the source. Pumps and gearing are placed on the river bank, and an wheel and tank are connected by a shaft having universal couplings at each end.

Find Statue In Ocean

A well preserved statue of antiquity was found in the sea off the coast of Mythen by a number of fishermen. The statue is of bronze and represents the life-sized car of a youth. Greek experts declare that the statue is of tremely valuable and have compared it to the famous statue of "The Youth of Antioch."

Increased Taxation Must Necessarily Follow Demand For Better Public Service

New Profession For Women

Bird Hospital In New York Does Flourishing Business

Mrs. Emma Steinhilber, niece of the late Dr. J. J. Henna, one of the founders of the French Hospital in New York, and for many years chief surgeon there, has the unique profession of bird surgery. Receiving her surgical training from her uncle, Mrs. Steinhilber applied her skill to feathered pets and has restored hundreds of sick birds to health during the past twenty-three years. She was the only visiting physician on the staff of the late Mrs. Virginia Pope, well known bird doctor, who maintained a home for birds in New York for many years.

At Mrs. Steinhilber's hospital and boarding home for feathered pets the birds suffering from various troubles. One bullfinch is slowly getting feathers again on its bald head, the baldness being due to an over-rich diet at the hands of a fond owner. A handsome parrot that had been too weak to stand and had laid for days on a cushion, is now talking again with a return to his previous sprightliness. A trooper is recovering the use of a badly mangled leg that Mrs. Steinhilber saved. One once blind canary now sees, after the surgeon had removed three growths from its eye.

Mrs. Steinhilber claims that a real love for birds is a necessary basis for all successful treatment and care of them. She operates on little canaries to remove tumors, mends broken legs and wings, prescribes special diets for special ailments and intestinal disorders and trains birds in good habits, such as daily baths and neatness with their feed.

Ignorant Of Canada

Premier Ferguson Told English Journalists He Was Amazed

The married farmer with sufficient sense to establish himself as a boy from the middle classes who can be trained into a farmer as the kind of immigrants Ontario most desires, Premier Ferguson told a party of ten English journalists who were in Toronto in the course of a tour of the Dominion.

Mr. Ferguson told the journalists that when he was in England the thing that amazed him was the want of knowledge of Canada and conditions in Canada. "I found that people knew far more about Australia and New Zealand than they did of this country. We need men over there who really understand conditions in Canada."

Reviving The Ancient

Flowers that bloomed in ancient Egypt 20 centuries before Cleopatra, and wheat and barley, taken into the royal tombs to sustain Pharaohs on their post-mortem travels, have been brought to Chicago by Prof. James Henry Breasted, noted Egyptologist of the Chicago University.

Italy is holted from the tasks of the walrus, hippopotamus and a few other beasts, as well as from the elephant.

Canadian Finance, of Winnipeg,

points out that we are too apt to cry out against what taxation takes from us, without reckoning up the other column what taxation does for us. It is not a waste of public money that should be criticized as the way in which the taxes are spent. If there are things which can be dispensed with as needless luxuries, then taxes should not be raised in order to purchase them. But civilized men, in communities that are organized, should so many services, that the chief question is to supply these services at reasonable cost to the taxpayer who wants them.

Citizens, says Canadian Finance, cannot expect to be considered consumers of the public money for improvements in one branch and for lower taxes in the next, for progress can be made in that way. What people get in it is a waste of public money, they must pay for, and they can't have everything they want and lower taxes too.

At the same time, while public spending in recent years has run away beyond all bounds, anybody who hopes to get back to what he had 20 years ago, is indulging in a elusive dream. To get back to the lower tax levels would mean to get back to the inferior school system, the bad roads and poorer lighting of those days.

Taxpayers are paying for more than their share of the public money, but they should not be forgotten that they are getting more, too, and that in many instances they are getting it worth the price they pay.

It is no argument for extravagance, but advantage with extra-ordinary wisdom. It is not to be forgotten that they are getting more, too, and that in many instances they are getting it worth the price they pay.

Settlers From United States

Many American Farmers Taking Up Land In Western Canada

Returning from what he regarded as a remarkably encouraging inspection of the various agencies in the mid-western, northwestern and southwestern states, Mr. Bruce Walker, superintendent of immigration in the United States, states that from April 1 to August 31, of this year, the number of farmers sent up from these states to settle land in Western Canada shows an increase of 50 per cent. over the figures for the same period and from the same region last year.

He stated, too, that from March 1 to August 31, of this year, the Canadian Railways, the Canadian Pacific Railways and the Hudson's Bay Company sold more land in Western Canada in a similar period for the past ten years.

"All we have to do," said Mr. Walker, "is to get those Western American farmers to go and see Canada; Canada will do the rest. If Canada with her wonderful white fields can get the attention of the Western American farmer, he will go to Canada in steadily increasing numbers to see the country and steadily increasing numbers of these people are taking land and staying. Reports from agencies of the department wherever located in the United States all tell the same story."

Borrowed Fashion

Indian girls on the Glacier National Park reservation bob their hair just like the pale face girls missies. They use rouge, too, of a hue that blends with their copper colored complexion. And the wrinkled old squaws make it for them from herbs which they gather on the wooded slopes of the Rocky Mountains. Out in the west these Indians take it for granted that the pale face girls got the idea of bobbing their hair from the American Indian custom, just as the Indian girls took the hair bobbing habit from their "white sisters."

Time For Best Work

Tests performed on 112 students at the University of Chicago by Dr. Donald Laid, indicate that the average mind gets its best work at 8 a. m. and the poorest work at 4 p. m. Wednesday is the best day of the week and Saturday the poorest.

First Census Taken

Until two years ago no census of the population of Palestine had been taken. The census of 1922, taken in 1922, showed that the population of the country today the total is estimated at 130,000.

Worse—"Did the speaker identify his audience, he ignored it."

AD. AND CIRCULATION MEN AT JASPER PARK



Advertising and circulation men, representing all the important daily newspapers of Western Canada, together with representatives of advertising agencies and publishers' representatives, gathered in the hotel at Jasper, Alberta, for the annual convention at Jasper Park Lodge and were met by the Canadian National Railway photographer. Every city in the west, from Winnipeg to Victoria, B.C., is represented in the group. The convention was held at the hotel at Jasper, Alberta, for the annual convention at Jasper Park Lodge and were met by the Canadian National Railway photographer. Every city in the west, from Winnipeg to Victoria, B.C., is represented in the group. The convention was held at the hotel at Jasper, Alberta, for the annual convention at Jasper Park Lodge and were met by the Canadian National Railway photographer.

cities also had representation. At the close of the convention on August 17, the two months of their delight with the beauties of Jasper National Park and their appreciation of the care shown them by the lodge management.

One of the Mysteries

No One Has Ever Found The Nature of Light

Immortality awaits the research worker who can solve the mystery of the nature of light.

The theory that light consists of waves is apparently substantiated by such phenomena as refraction.

On the other hand, many experiments seem to uphold the quantum theory, the theory that light consists of minute particles of energy.

Physicists find themselves up against a real difficulty. One wit in the subject says that they are solving the problem by using the wave theory on Monday, Wednesday and Friday and the quantum theory on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

What Advertising Does

Advertising—collected news of available goods, investments and services—enlarges the market and creates new wants. More advertising, more production, more consumption and more accumulation of wealth! Advertising is the fertilizer of business, making "your soil good and a good soil better."

Buying More Canadian Goods

Germany is buying more Canadian goods. In the twelve months ended July, Canadian exports to Germany were \$12,545,000, an increase of \$1,000,000 over the corresponding period of the previous year. Canadian purchases in Germany, on the other hand, were \$2,935,545, an increase of less than one million dollars.

Alchemy And The Atom

Reconstruction of Civilization May Be Necessary Through Advance of Science

Man has been able to imitate nature in a microscopic way in the laboratory and thereby has gained much knowledge. He can produce artificial lightning and thunder, he can generate heat equal to that given out by the sun, he can transmute metals, he can break up the atom. But it costs too much to do any of these things, and so far as known nature does them all without half trying and without slowing up. A German chemist produced gold from mercury, but he had to explain that it would cost to do so \$200,000 an ounce.

Dr. Gerald I. Wundt, of the department of physics and chemistry at Pennsylvania State College, told a scientific gathering of his experiments in releasing atomic energy, and expressed the belief that some day the power would be at the disposition of man. If this prediction comes true, it will mean the reconstruction of civilization through a new energy that will make industry independent of coal and even hydro-electric power.

Dr. Wundt placed a tungsten wire in a vacuum tube through which he sent a current, with the result that more energy came out than was put in and the tungsten was transformed into helium. That to bring this about he had to use a temperature of 60,000 degrees Fahrenheit. This rounded out heat, as the scientist admitted, is much higher than the sun's heat and 20,000 degrees hotter than the hottest stars.

Just now it costs immensely more to release fully the energy within the atom than the release of energy in another plant, that of universal electricity, it might be dangerous to turn over to man, in his present state of ignorance, the whole secret. He has not repaid the obligations placed upon him for his fall. "In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread."

Evidence That Europe Was Cradle Of Man

The skull of an ancient Goliath who lived at Capernman some 20,000 to 30,000 years before man was known to be performed may be taken as evidence that Europe was the cradle land of both man and of his culture. Sir Arthur Keith, famous anthropologist, told British Association for the Advancement of Science.

The skull of which Sir Arthur spoke, a model of which he held on the table before him, is that discovered by Francis Turville-Petre, of the British School of Archaeology, a few months ago, in a cave on the slopes of the sea of Galilee, near the site of the ancient city of Capernman, where Christ performed many of his miracles.

Proud Of Combination

Phone Girls in London Hotel All Have Red Hair

Someone has just discovered that all the girls in the telephone exchange of the Hotel Savoy, London, are red haired. Why? Well, it seems to have happened through a Harley physician who contracted with the telephone exchange to treat the girls. He suggested, said it had been found that red haired people were more than usually gifted as far as their oral contrivances are concerned.

At any rate, the slight young women who spend their days answering the flashing messages of Indian princes and American millionaires are extraordinarily proud of their Triton combination, and incidentally bear out the medical's pronouncement.

Gave Him His Start

The physician's son was entertaining his playmate at his home. They were playing at being doctors. The son unlocked a door and disclosed a skeleton to the terrified gaze of his playmate. "It's nothing to be afraid of," he said. "It's only an skeleton." "Where did it come from?" quivered the other. "Oh, I don't know. Papa's had it for a long time. I expect it was his first patient."

He Did

A farmer who was busy sent a message to a neighbor with a hastily scribbled note requesting the loan of a donkey.

When the neighbor received the note he also was very busy, but had no time to decipher the bad writing, so he asked the messenger: "Tell your master that I will come myself."

He—"That's a certain question I've wanted to ask you for weeks."

She—"Well, ask. I've had the answer ready for months."

Old Curriculum Will Not Surrender Prestige

Reading, 'Riting and 'Rithmetic, Being Better Taught Than in Former Years

The old-fashioned bespectacled bookkeeper who might add a column of figures at lightning speed was always considered something of a wonder in his home office until the accurate machine and other usually accurate devices came into use. Then his importance suffered something of an eclipse because any nimble-fingered fellow with a little training could accomplish the same mathematical results.

Nevertheless the third of the three "R's" in the old school curriculum is not going ready to surrender its prestige in the new mechanical order of things. As a prelude to higher mathematics for the future high school and college student or the better paid trades and positions, it is as indispensable as ever. Superintendent of the Public Schools of Chicago, that it was viewed as valuable in still other directions.

A canvass of thirty-five persons in widely different vocations, from accountants to contractors, architects and salesmen, revealed a very decided opinion in favor of the grade schools in developing accuracy and reliability among the pupils.

Three years ago when the pre-eminence of all three "R's" in the school curriculum went unchallenged, a student of the University of Chicago gave an arithmetic test to the children of the seventh grade in the Chicago public school system. The results of the test for the pupils were 100 per cent, and only 3 per cent papers were correct for every problem. Five per cent of the pupils failed completely.

In June, 1923, Superintendent McAndrew administered the same test to the seventh grade pupils in the public schools chosen by lot. The general average of all the papers was 74.4 per cent, or 74.2 per cent. Of the papers merited the coveted 100 marks of the grade school pupil. The lowest average of all the papers in a single school was 64.2 per cent, the highest 82.2 per cent.

Vigilant education may at times seem to be the only way to the betterment of the individual, the teacher, the citizen, and the adding and computing machines, "Rithmetic," but the results of the test would indicate that the "Three R's" of the school curriculum are being just a little better taught than fifty years ago, despite the great day of divination in school curriculum—Chicago Post.

Would Eat Raw Meat

Japan to Experiment on Raw Product For the Diet

With the popular appetite for meat steadily increasing in the land of Nippon, it is now proposed to experiment on the raw product for the diet, according to Dr. Ikuo Taninura, special government food commissioner, who is in the United States gathering data in the interests of an economical meat supply for his nation. During his stay here, Dr. Taninura has conferred with officials of the national livestock and meat board, and other authorities of the industry.

"We have long been accustomed to eating our fishes raw, so why cannot meat be used in the same way?" is the logic offered by Dr. Taninura. "Of course, we are not prepared to say as yet whether raw meat will be practical, but we are at least considering the possibilities."

The Japanese are "learning more about the food value of meat products, cabbage, etc.," said the visitor. They can do very well without corn, milk and a number of other foods, but they are now familiar with the state of meat and feel that they must have it.

The problem is, according to the commissioner, to supply meat at a sufficiently low price to be available to the masses. It is possible for the well-to-do to buy it, he said, but because of low wages the cost is often prohibitive for the laboring classes. The state of this situation it seems that all classes have now come to the realization that meat is the necessary food element to keep their bodies fit.

Asked if religion in any way interferes with meat consumption in Japan, the doctor was emphatic in his negative reply. He pointed out that in the consumption of meat, the Japanese are very economical. They eat it all and there is no waste to be compared to the garbage can. It is interesting to note that they do not make use of it in soup, as is done in America.

Professor—"What makes you think that they had picnics during the stone age?"

Assistant—"I've just discovered a petrified picnic basket sandwich."

Never worry about trifles. The hole that lets the water into your shoe will let it out again.

Communism In Insect Life

Entire Giving Up Of Life Of Individual For Community

The human slogan is told to go to the ant to learn industry. The human sociologist might be told to go to the ant to learn sociology, for the ants have carried out forms of social life to a degree not yet nearly approached by any group of human beings. This is that form called communism. Perhaps we can learn from the ants whether we want to go as far as they have in the way of communism at least this is the suggestion of Dr. Vernon Kellogg, secretary of the National Research Council, in the current issue of the Scientific Monthly. Dr. Kellogg explains how with all the ants and with those kinds of bees and wasps which have adopted a communal life, there is an entire giving up of the life of the individual for the life of the community. Each worker ant or bee or wasp works not for itself but for the community. The worker collects food not for itself but for everybody. It has no individual life, but it helps take care of the children of the community, which are all produced by the queens. Biologically, the communal insects are very successful. Their communities thrive, their species persist and increase. They live in all the lands of the earth except in extreme Arctic and Antarctic regions, and on the summits of lofty mountains, and their numbers probably exceed those of all other insects. They have been called the most successful of insect kinds. But are they happy? Nobody knows.

Gold Found By Diving Rod

Father Innocent De Ploeters, a Capuchin monk who is reputed by mountain folk to be gifted with supernatural powers, was searching for water with a diving rod on the Pucari mountains recently when the antenna of the rod announced gold. Pucari started digging and found gold-bearing strata which assured four grams of gold and 54 grams of silver to the ton and a company has been formed to mine the gold.

Settlers From Ireland

Forty-nine Irishmen, in charge of M. Mulvey, have arrived in Northern Alberta and will be located in the Edmonton district. The party came from Cork, Limerick, Carlow and Dublin counties.

Lawyer: I Understand you to swear, witness, that the parties came to high words?

Witness:—Yes, sir; what I say is, the words were particularly low.

Immortality of War

Scientific Mathematical Certainty That Nobody Dies Entirely

Professor Charles Henry of the Sorbonne, one of the leading mathematicians of France, declared that he had proof of the scientific mathematical certainty that "nobody dies entirely." Swearing religious had sought to explain the phenomenon of death and to bring the infinite prolongation of life, Prof. Henry went on: Among scientific there are means for measuring the radiation of all substances for everything emanates radiation, your lamp, your stove, your cherry tree are warmed by the sun's rays.

Calculate that radiation, which is due to heat, due to electro-magnetic elements and due to the attraction of our globe. If you make the calculations continuously you will with astonished surprise find yourself up against something unknown, some force which is neither one or the other of the above.

"Repeat 'em times ten hundred times, and calculate your many long nights—always you will discover this hidden power which manifests itself, but remains utterly elusive, an ideal fluid, defying all the scales and microscopes in the world, but always present with obstinate constancy."

"When bodies die, they are of far more subtle order to pre-occupy themselves with the psychochemical process of death. What happens to them? As they cannot disappear, they must proceed elsewhere to find another envelope in order to recover the balance and stability of temporary harmony."

"It is little something which gives you a distinctive personality among the millions of your fellow-beings is immortal. You hand your 'soul' on to others, that's all."

Make Train Collisions Impossible

A collision of locomotives will one day be impossible according to a German engineer, Hella Horst, who has patented a new anti-collision device. A magnet is built into the rails near signals, and when a train is late the magnetic current in the rail intensifies the influence of a magnet in the locomotive, which automatically cuts off the steam.

Lawyer: Then I understand you to swear, witness, that the parties came to high words?

Witness:—Yes, sir; what I say is, the words were particularly low.

An Interesting Experiment

Believe That Mosquito Bites, Causing Malaria, Is Cure For Insanity

Malaria mosquitoes are being used at Epson mental hospital in England to infect patients suffering from general paralysis of the insane to determine if the resulting malarial fever will alleviate or cure their insanity. The treatment was developed on the continent, where it is claimed that the shock of malaria acts on the organism of the spine and brain that are responsible for paralysis, destroying their resilience.

Infection is conveyed through the bite of a mosquito. A patient is taken into a room with double doors and windows. Mosquitoes are released from a box in which they are returned after they have bitten the patient. For the malarial fever that develops, the patient is given the ordinary treatment.

Epson is the first British hospital to try the experiment. The reaction of the paralyzed insane to malaria was first observed when an epidemic of malarial in a European asylum left many of the patients materially improved.

Sunlight Good Brain Food

Mental Tests Show Proper Exposure Increases Intellectual Output

In addition to their beneficial effects the rays of natural or artificial sunlight are declared to serve the purpose of a brain food, according to Sir Henry Cavendish, a British surgeon. Proper exposure to sunshine, he says, if carried out in a rational and instructed way, increases the intellect output, and he offers as proof, comparative mental tests made on two groups of children in two different London hospitals. Those who were receiving special treatment at one institution where sun exposure was regularly given, manifested such great mental superiority over another group not so treated that the difference could be credited only to the sunlight effect—Popular Mechanics.

Oldest Exhibitor Is 103

There was an exhibitor 103 years of age at the Canadian National exhibition this year. Mrs. Orville, of Toronto, who sent in contributions in embroidery. "She is able to read without glasses. The second oldest exhibitor was a lady of 96, also of Toronto. There were 2,600 exhibitors in the World's Building this year, great increase over other years.

Teach Goodwill In Schools

League of Nations Would End Rivalry Out of History

The elimination from histories, geographies and other textbooks of "errors" which tend to perpetuate international animosities and misunderstandings is one of the aims of the International committee on Intellectual Co-operation, which has just completed its permanent organization under the auspices of the League of Nations.

The committee will have headquarters in Paris, where the French Government has donated a building as temporary offices and 2,000,000 francs for operating expenditures. In more than two score countries national intellectual co-operation committees have been formed. The work of all will be collated and central offices designated.

The idea back of the elimination of these existing "errors," according to Dr. L. P. A. Van den Brandeler, of Holland, who proposed a scheme for international textbooks, is to lay a foundation for mutual respect among nations which will be inestimable to the future generations in their international life.

Dr. Van den Brandeler suggests the adoption of a universal textbook on history, geography and natural features of international life. The book is to be compiled by the international group, and certain national features of various countries written by citizens of that country qualified to undertake the task. International goodwill, peace and friendship, mutual respect, mutual appreciation, friendship and peace should be stressed, while things that cause misunderstanding, prejudice, misunderstanding, hatred and disorder should be "toned down" or eliminated. The committee believes.

London Has Gloom Club

Place Where People Can Discuss All

In London the latest thing to be known to "Gloom Club." There one need no longer make an aching heart, but may obtain one's own and soothe to the, for the noise, synthetic audience. Right and the world is getting to be too loud. The meeting places, so says the account, are dropped in funeral colors, but again it would appear that certain personalities, such as horse hair furniture, are being overlooked.

The idea of the club is not a new one. Such organizations flourished a century ago when social historians record that besides the devotees of "dainty melancholy" there were those for ugly persons and for ill-receptive or non-receptive. Irwinthill residents of the land of "cave" will not that there was even an "anti-fun club" where the members met to exchange confidences on how they had contrived to save an alibi of a cent. At another one, known as the "Gloomers Club," gathered the unappetizingly married, bankrupts and those who lost on the races. This club probably had a waiting list.—The Manitoba Free Press.

Eating Your Weight In Salt

Over 600 Million Pounds of Salt Produced in Canada Annually

Did you use your hundred pounds of salt last year? If not you did not get your share for, according to the natural resources intelligence service, there are over 600 million pounds of this necessary substance used or sold by producers in Canada annually. Even when we use less than the citizens of the United States, for in 1924 they consumed one hundred and twenty pounds per capita, and we have been known to consume as high as one hundred and twenty-seven pounds.

Practically the whole of the Canadian production comes from near Windsor, Ontario, although the Malapash deposits of Nova Scotia are becoming of increasing importance in the fishing industry especially. The Ontario deposits sometimes reach a thickness of 250 feet. Despite these splendid mines almost half of the salt used in Canada is imported.

British Columbia Minerals

The mineral deposits of British Columbia continue to command the attention of capitalists, particularly those in the United States, where the bulk of the capital for the development of the natural resources of the province has been derived. English and Eastern Canadian capital is also paying attention to the mineral resources of British Columbia.

Streamers of colored paper often are used to decorate graves in China.

SKI-ING IN MIDSUMMER AT JASPER PARK



Pair lovers of winter sports gathered on the Cavell Glacier at Jasper National Park on August 21st, for a trout on the ash blades. From left to right: Miss Flora MacDonald, Edmonton, Alta.; Miss Doris Neale, Toronto; Miss Peggy Armour, Perth, Ont.; Miss Marjorie Neal, Toronto; Miss Marce MacDonald, Edmonton; and Miss Marian Greene, New York City.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Since 1918, two billion dollars in overseas income tax and delinquent penalties have been collected in the United States.

The chimneys of "Big Ben" in the Parliament Buildings at London were being planted in San Francisco over special telegraph and cable direct.

Sir Francis Lewis Castle Flood, London, permanent secretary of agriculture and fisheries since 1920, has been appointed a member of the overseas settlement committee.

The aeroplane service of the European Union, comprising 16 aerial navigation companies, is to be continued during the winter this year for the first time.

Mrs. Isabella Forke, mother of Robert Forke, leader of the Progressives at the House of Commons, recently, aged 91 years.

Provision that one-third of his million dollar estate be used for the relief of school teachers, was a feature of the will of the late Simon Gray, Philadelphia.

Field-Marshal Baron Plumer, new British high commissioner for Palestine, has arrived at Jerusalem and taken the oath under the commission of Palestine.

Professor Hattala Grass, the famous bacteriologist and physician, died recently at the age of 67, was widely known in the international medical world as an investigator of malaria diseases.

The London Daily Mail says the British Government has ordered the arrest of all Communists concerned in plots which have been brought to light during the past few weeks to influence troops at the Aldershot camp and elsewhere.

The "newspaper plane" is the latest aircraft. A Springfield, Ill., newspaper tried delivery of papers by dropping them at the farmers' doors from an aeroplane, and three-fifths of the farmers reported safe arrival of their papers.

Will Live On Beans

Solving the Food Problem For Russia's Population

A newly discovered foodstuff, which is known as Soybean, is being made and enable the government to approach a solution of the food problem for millions of her population is occupying official attention in Moscow. The new food is the product of a Buda pest physiologist, Dr. Ladislav Derzky, who is collaborating with the government regarding the production and distribution of Soybean flour, a foodstuff which is said to possess great nutritive value. Fifteen acres of soybean mills are in operation, but so far un-equipped with the proper machinery to provide food for ten million persons. In addition, 100,000 acres of soybean are in operation, but so far un-equipped with the proper machinery to provide food for ten million persons. In addition, 100,000 acres of soybean are in operation, but so far un-equipped with the proper machinery to provide food for ten million persons.

Uncomfortable Antiques

Old Furniture Not As Comfortable As Modern King

While very high prices are paid for antique furniture we know that such furniture is not always the most comfortable in which to recline. When Queen Alexandra was in Russia, many years ago as Princess of Wales she stayed at the treasurer's house, and during one night at the Decey, as the guest of Baron Durn, she was dropped into a lounge chair and remarked: "How splendid to drop into a comfortable chair, and receive the Russian and the French." Her ancestors carried themselves well, but it may have been at the cost of many weary hours spent in straight-backed chairs.

The Traders In Dope

The prohibition of the traffic in drugs has the luxury support of all Canadians except the comparatively few wealthy bling who are addicts. There is in this no lowering of standards. The man or woman who trades on the weaknesses of those afflicted with the drug habit has no sympathy—it is one of the most despicable crimes. The splendid work, therefore, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in searching out these parties will have the hearty commendation of the Ottawa Journal.

When everybody says "It's nobody's business," the street railway for one penny. Some of the routes extend up twenty-five miles.

Children in Glasgow may travel any distance on the street railway for one penny. Some of the routes extend up twenty-five miles.

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Disease Among Eskimo

Adopting White Men's Methods, May Lead to Extinction

Not many years will elapse before the Eskimo will be exterminated by disease through adopting white men's method of habitation, declared Dr. D. E. Scott, who recently returned to Edmonton after spending one year at Akavik, in the delta of the Mackenzie River. He has been acting as medical officer to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Arctic posts and working among Indians and Eskimos, in behalf of the department of Indian affairs.

While this prediction has been made in the past, Dr. Scott adds that Eskimos and Indians of the delta are also suffering from fatal parasitic attacks, due to eating raw fish, rabbits and other meats. "This, however, he claims, is not a serious problem to contend with, but such diseases as cancer and appendicitis, he states, are becoming too prevalent among the Indians.

In the old days, when snow houses were their temporary homes, the Eskimos were healthy, states the doctor, but since they commenced living in cabins and shacks, tuberculosis has broken out among them, and the disease has spread to the Eskimo. Among the delta Indians, Dr. Scott found that in all but ten per cent. there were symptoms of tuberculosis. Their methods of living were such that the disease was on the increase.

Speaking of law and order in the north, Dr. Scott declared that the Eskimos and Indians of the Western Arctic regions are the most law-abiding people he has ever known, and that he could not remember one police case during the year he was among them. In the eastern regions, however, where there are symptoms of tuberculosis, an occasional murder was committed, but, this, the doctor says, is really the Eskimo's own law work.

How Russia Goes About Business

Fomenting Strife in England in Order to Sell Their Own Coal

The Paris correspondent of the New York Times writes that at the very time the ruling spirit of Bolshevism was gaining on the British coal miners in their strike threat, Moscow's agents were canvassing Europe for orders for Russian coal, to replace English and Welsh coal during the expected shortage.

That is the kind of friends for the coal laboring men of the world to have! Because they killed off, or banished, all the Russians who had brains and training enough to manage industries successfully, and to market products successfully, the Bolsheviks find that their mines and factories cannot compete with the "capitalist" industries of other nations. What is simpler than to get everybody else to go on strike so that Russia will have a chance to sell something?—Minesopolis Journal.

Ontario Makes Drastic Laws For Motorists

Must Obtain Driving Permits and Have to Pass Examination

Every man and woman who drives a motor car in Ontario next year will first have to obtain a driving permit. G. S. Henry, minister of public works and highways, at the annual meeting of the Canadian Automobile Association at Toronto.

The issuance of these permits would, in all probability, in due course, be followed by compulsory examination for all drivers, he said. Any conviction for traffic act infractions registered against a motorist would be entered upon his permit and could lead to the permanent revocation of license to drive.

May Abandon Dirigibles

U. S. Government Virtually Decides to Concentrate on Aeroplanes

The Shenandoah disaster probably will result in temporary, if not complete abandonment by the government of its lighter than air activities. The Los Angeles may be sold for what it will bring, the Langley station probably closed, helium extraction will be curtailed and from now on appropriations and energies will be devoted to the development of aeroplanes.

The programme had virtually been decided for reasons of economy, because the loss of the Shenandoah, and with this new proof of the vulnerability of dirigibles seems more certain than ever to be adopted.

The Age of Speed

The cities and towns of Rhode Island have set 25 miles an hour as the proper speed for motor cars on highways. They contend that having speed laws on roads they cannot afford to have them cluttered with cars moving along at only 15 or 20 miles.

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When it comes to undergarments you can be just as frivolous as you please. Just a few ruffling-stitches, a bit of hand-made ribbon, and you have a chemise of undergarment of your own making. The diagram pictures the upper part, insuring a perfect fit. Size 36 and 44 inches bust. Size 36 bust is suitable for 36 to 38, size 40 to 42, and size 44 for 42 to 44. Size 36 bust requires 14 yards of 36 inch or 40-inch material. Price 50 cents.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy. Each copy includes one coupon good for five cents in the purchase of any pattern.

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Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Province

Send 50c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

Find Graves Of

Massacred Christians

Believed To Be Victims Of Japanese Revolution In 1827

Dr. Earl R. Bull, Methodist Episcopal minister in charge of work in the island of Okinawa, Japan, has discovered the burial ground of 11,000 Christians, believed to have been killed in an uprising during the revolution of 1827.

An inscription found near the grounds by Dr. Bull states that in 15,000 Christians were slain, beheaded and buried.

The heads of the victims were buried in one spot and the bodies carried to another place, so there would be no chance of them uniting again, the inscription said.

The massacre practically wiped out all the Catholic converts in the country.

Open Big Conference

Seven Hundred Delegates Attend Global Welfare Conference at Geneva

An immense effort to improve the welfare of the world's children was launched at Geneva with the opening of the first child welfare congress, attended by 700 delegates from 50 countries, including the United States and of the Latin-American peoples.

Two hundred reports, dealing with various aspects of the child problem were submitted to the congress. Andre Gide, a Swiss minister of education, was elected president of the congress, and the Marchioness of Aberdeen was chosen to head the education section.

In the long buried city of Ur of the Chaldees, a piece of sculpture has been dug up, showing a lively picture of men carrying mortar up ladders.

A British ship building firm predicts that motorships will replace steamships. It is planning 12 gas vessels which will be operated by gasoline motors.

Poor Remuneration

For Technical Work

Very Discouraging For Those Who Go In For Professions

A New York newspaper is making an appeal for the better treatment of that city's engineering staff. It is an extraordinary statement in the kind and better value of a technical education when college graduates must appear for competition almost at once as that of plumbers, bricklayers and plasterers.

Of the engineers employed by the city of New York, the same source presumably is common throughout the continent, ten per cent. receive less than ditch diggers. About twelve per cent. earn as much as foremen of street labor crews; while the majority are not so well paid as the everyday mechanical craftsmen.

It is a peculiar fact that the so-called "white-collar" employments, including bank clerks, bookkeepers, draughtsmen employed by architects, engineers who lay out the work for their better paid ditch diggers, and mining engineers, are all in comparison to the trades and to unskilled labor shockingly underpaid.

If there is not a racial trend for the better in the engineers and other generation is going to witness a shortage of college men seeking technical education. If a young man cannot make a decent living out of his chosen profession after spending a mint of money and four or five years of his life in a university, he is a fool to pursue it.—The Toronto Saturday Night.

China's Substitute For War

Boycott Has Become Favorite Weapon

Against Other Nations

The Chinese are adept in the use of the boycott. It is their substitute for war. News that the British China goods are included in the boycott of goods against the United States.

Great Britain will be disquieting to merchants and manufacturers in the Dominion who have dealings with the Orient. Fortunately they are relatively few, and in most cases it will be able to refrain from the use of artificial exports to China and the boycott of the country of origin. Our chief exports are wheat, flour and lumber. There is also a growing trade in Chinese goods, and the last year—Canadian whisky but both were doubtless mainly for the use of residents in the foreign quarters of the Chinese cities.

We may conceivably lose for a time part of the flour trade that some western countries have been enjoying in China, but even the honest of the boycotters will have trouble in discriminating between Canadian and Chinese goods and that grown in Dakota and Minnesota.

The case is one in which Canada is penalized through no fault of her own. Canada has been the victim of the boycott. It must be set against the many other in which Canada secures marked advantages. The Canadian trade is a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations.—Toronto Globe.

Receive Fewer Immigrants

U. S. Immigration Reduced By 68 Per Cent. Due To New Laws

The immigration into the United States by approximately 68 per cent. the influx of foreigners to the United States, according to analysis of immigration statistics for 1924-25. Many nationals of foreign countries are leaving the United States for their home shores. Several countries have not only failed to fill their quotas, but the net immigration has been reduced by an emigration of aliens. Figures show that 29,616 more Italians left the United States than entered that year.

The total immigration was 294,214 for the year as compared with 768,996 during the preceding year, two per cent. quota went into effect.

Canada and Mexico are now the chief sources of immigrant labor, the influx from these countries yielding a total of 130,193 or nearly two-thirds of the net immigration for the year.

Obeying Orders

The great Napoleon was once visiting an outpost at night and alone. On the road he was stopped by a French sentry who refused to let him pass. Napoleon argued but did not convince his identity. Finally, the sentry said: "I have orders to let no one pass, and I would not let you pass if you were Napoleon Bonaparte himself."

Napoleon turned back. The next morning the sentry was promoted to be an officer and he later became one of the emperor's most brilliant generals.

Clark—"Yes, sir, a lady's belt. What would measure?"

Bigboy—"Oh, about as long as my left arm."

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OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE

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THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

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Great Britain.

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E. S. Sexton Proprietor A. Hamlin

Thursday, Oct. 1, 1925

H. Staddon, was admitted to the hospital last week.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. L. Cameron, September 28, a daughter.

Dr. Caldwell made a trip to Leavenworth, the latter part of last week.

Yo editor was out for a count of four days, Saturday to Wednesday noon (inclusive), with "quincy."

Mrs. E. A. McGill, was confined to the house on account of sickness, over the week end.

During the past week, this district has been visited by heavy rain and snow and the first frost of the season.

Contestants in the Acadia constituency are expected to be—Dr. F. Wade, sen.; R. Gardiner, pro; Col. Eaton, lib.

"Mrs. M. A. Blodgett" entertained on Wednesday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. H. MacCaulley, Mrs. W. Crocker and Mrs. H. Haddy.

W. Martin, of Medicine Hat, was admitted to the hospital last week suffering from injuries sustained on a sand train.

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PHONE 74

Fruits

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GROCERIES

Boe Jolly Powder, 4 pae. 25¢
Colored Icing Sugar, 2 pae. 25¢
Salad Dressing, packet 15¢
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Quick Pudding, 2 pkts. 25¢
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For Your Fall Clean Up

KALSOIMINE, PAINTING

GENUINE CARPENTRY

WORK, Etc., and

GEORGE

Mrs. R. Peacock, of Mendham, who underwent an operation for appendicitis at the local hospital on September 28 is progressing favorably.

The regular meeting of the I.O.D.E. will be held next Tuesday afternoon, October 6, at 3:30 p.m., at the home of Mrs. D. McKee.

Miss Mildred Arthur, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. Williamson, of Carleton Place, for the past few weeks, is now at Calgary attending Normal School. We are pleased to learn that she benefited considerably in health by the change, having suffered badly from hay fever and asthma.

Planting Joy for Christmas.—By putting narcissus and daffodil bulbs in pots of earth now. Home-lover, flower-lover, how does your garden grow? With golden daffodils and snow-white narcissus from Christmas until Thanksgiving. Bleak and dreary in January?—Not when there are graceful flowers of white and gold upon window-sills and tables. Select your bulbs now while they are in perfect condition and complete assortments. Order from Mrs. Sexton agent for the Patmore Nurseries.

LOST—\$25.00 Reward

Brown Canvas Cash Bag containing sum of money and cheque, on road, Empress to Social Plains to Bindloss, Sunday, Sept. 13.—Advise M. Martin in Bindloss or report to "EMPRESS" office.



DON'T Lose Your Head and give your order to an out-of-town traveller.

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Secure Your Requirements through us

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GENERAL BLACKSMITHING

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Best Service and Courteous Treatment

Trails Solicited

O. BRASSE

At Scott's Old Stand

General Change in TRAIN SERVICE

effective Sunday, September 27, 1925

Times for Trains at Empress, will be

Westbound Empress-Smelt Creek

No. 65 at 10:40 p.m., Dly. ex. Sm.

No. 66 at 7:10 a.m.

Empress-Calgary

No. 618, Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 7:00 a.m.

No. 616, Mon., Wed., Fri., at 9:45 p.m.

TRANS-CANADA LIMITED has been

withdrawn.

For further particulars apply to any Ticket Agent or

J. E. PROCTOR

District Passenger Agent, Calgary.

CORRESPONDENCE

Mr. Evolutionist—Please Answer!

"The three unanswered questions of the human race are: Where did we come from? What are we here for? and Where are we going?"

The Evolutionist in vain, is trying to lift the curtain of the past. I do not know, yet I believe there is a Supreme Being that Created Man, made the Earth and everything in it. Perhaps He took six million, what we call years to do it. Perhaps He did it by Evolution. Darrow says that Evolution agrees with the Bible. If it does why do not teachers of sciences help their Students to

see how it agrees? How many such teachers on Sunday, teach Sunday School Classes and help to lead older scholars in the way of Christ? I have lived to see one of my old Science Teachers, that sneered at the Flood, Fish and Fairy stories of the Bible, come back to the "Faith of Our Fathers" and is now teaching and living the "Old Time Religion."

Second: "What are we here for?" I do not know! "Whatever is—Is Best." Mr. Wise Man, please answer this question? It is you that is leading our Christian civilization away by your materialism. Seeking after worldly things, etc. If you would know what the heathen think of our Christian

ity read the article on page 3 of the Christian Herald, Aug. 1925.

And then the most important of all: Where are we going? Mr. Modernist, please spend your energies in this direction, as we will be a long time dead. Can you help us to meet our fate in a better way than the teachings of the New Testament? You are of no real use to humanity if you kill our faith and give us nothing better in its stead.

E. J. Laay, Empress, Alta.

Received Hearty Send-off

The many friends of Mr. Jack Deporter were very sorry to hear of his transfer from the Gleichen Branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce to Empress. However, all are pleased that Mr. Deporter's transfer is accompanied with a promise

tion, and we wish him every success.

On Friday night a farewell party was given Mr. Deporter at the home of Mr. Jack Robinson, where some twenty friends gathered and spent a most enjoyable evening.

Following a dainty luncheon Mr. Robinson expressed with what regret the people of Gleichen viewed his departure. Mr. Wm. Forrier then presented Jack with a thermos set, to which he replied by expressing his pleasure at having been located in Gleichen for so many months, and he thanked all for the unlimited kindness always shown him, and wished a speedy return to this town. Mr. Deporter is succeeded by Mr. Gooder of Oide.—"Call," Gleichen.

FOR SALE

Proven Brood Sows for Sale.—J. W. Hamilton, Empress.

Coal NOW

Why Wait?

Coal Truth says: "For Cooking—stove and nut sizes, of the domestic coal serve the purpose best."

Leithbridge Imperial Spiral Nut, per ton, 7.30

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

EMPRESS "Everything for a Building." ALBERTA

Cream Cheques will Look Good Next Winter

Take good care of the cows during the next few busy weeks and they will return it to you in added income during the winter months.

Crown prices are exceptionally low. We need your cream. Ship us all you can and you will receive the highest market price and real service in the matter of tests, weights, clean cans and prompt returns. Our branch managers are out to give you real service.

Saskatchewan Creamery & Ice Cream Co., LIMITED

Empress Branch

(ASK your merchant for our Creamery butter.)

\$10,000.00 IN PRIZES!

Election Date October 29th

HOW MANY VOTES will be cast?

A Five Thousand Dollar Cheque will look good to some reader of THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

The Empress Express has joined The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, in a most interesting contest in which Ten Thousand Dollars are offered in cash prizes.

The date of the Federal Election is set for October 29th next. At the last Federal Election out of a total voters list of 4,435,310 names only 3,119,308 votes were cast.

How many votes will be cast in the Federal election to be held October 29th

Prize List—A Total of Ten Thousand Dollars

To the subscriber who sends the nearest correct estimate—the sum of \$5,000.00

To the subscriber who sends the nearest to correct estimate—the sum of \$2,500.00

To the subscriber who sends the second nearest to correct estimate \$1,000.00

To the subscriber who sends the third nearest to correct estimate \$500.00

To the subscriber who sends the fourth nearest to correct estimate \$250.00

To the next Ten subscribers who send the next nearest correct estimate, Twenty-five Dollars each 2500

To the next Twenty-five who send the next nearest correct estimate—Ten Dollars each 2500

To the next sixty who send the nearest correct estimate—\$5.00 each 3000

A Total of \$10,000.00

100 PRIZES IN ALL

NOW READ THIS OFFER

The subscription price of The Family Herald and Weekly Star has been reduced from Two Dollars to One Dollar a year. The subscription price of The Empress Express is Two Dollars a year.

We now offer a full year's subscription to both papers for only \$2.80 and will allow each subscriber the privilege of making two estimates in the contest. All subscription arrears due The Empress Express must be paid up.

The actual closing of this offer on Thursday, October 22nd, as all estimates must reach the Family Herald before October 22nd.

Now is your opportunity to win FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Leave your order at The EMPRESS EXPRESS

Red McIntosh Apples

Unloading Car Fancy Wrapped and Crated

WINTER ONIONS, by the pound or sack

Fancy Sweet Biscuits, 3 lbs. for \$1.00.

Arrowroot Biscuits, 35c pound.

Ogilvie's Royal Household and Glenora Flour. Prices away down.

Look us up for your Winter Supply

W. R. Brodie

COAL

We have it The Best that money can buy

Lethbridge Diamond Lump

at greatly reduced prices

Taber Majestic Lump Coal Drumheller Lump Coal

from the best mines only. Pembina Peerless Nut, just the thing for basestoves and cook stoves

KINDLING

12 inch Dry Spruce Blocks. For real kindling try our

12-inch slabs for a quick fire.

PHONE 58

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